

H. E. FREUDENBERG, Manager

POCICHE - - - NEVADA

## NORTHWEST NOTES

L. E. Waldron of La Grande, Ore., a fireman, was fatally injured by falling off his engine.

Twenty-six surveyors are now working between Huntington, Ore., and Iron, Dyke, on the Northwestern road right-of-way.

Fire in a row of frame buildings at Medical Lake, Wash., destroyed property valued at nearly \$15,000, including four buildings. Insurance about \$6,000.

The twenty-year franchises sought by the Denver City Tramway and the Denver Gas and Electric companies were carried at the recent election by small majorities.

A verdict of manslaughter was returned against Mrs. Josephine Barth, the Medicine Lake, Wash., woman on trial for shooting her husband, who was a member of the town council.

Morrison E. Wilson, a well known pioneer rancher of the upper Yellowstone valley, in Montana, has committed suicide by shooting. Wilson had lived alone on the ranch for the past twenty-three years.

Never before in the history of Idaho has there been such a demand for laborers as now exists throughout every section of this state, says the Pocatello Tribune in discussing the progress of this state.

John J. Sullivan, a resident of Eureka, Utah, aged 50, dropped dead while engaged in conversation with his brother-in-law, John O'Leary, at Butte, Mont. Sullivan recently came to Butte on a visit to his sister.

W. A. Brothers, former Federal distributing agent at Casper, Wyo., pleaded guilty in the United States District court at Cheyenne to a charge of embezzlement and was sentenced by Judge Riner to three years' imprisonment.

The safe in the station at Elizabeth, a small town on the Colorado & Southern, twenty-five miles northeast of Colorado Springs, was stolen during the night. Where the thieves took it or how much money it contained is not known.

At a general council of the Fort Hall Indians, held at Ross Fork, May 12, the Indians by a large majority vote decided that hereafter no cattlemen will be allowed to feed their cattle on the Fort Hall reservation, as has been done heretofore.

The Sherman Hill Copper company, operating a shaft on the Fred Hansen property at Sherman Hill, in Wyoming, has struck a vein of copper ore three and one-half feet wide, of excellent quality and at a depth of less than 100 feet. The company will go down on the vein to determine its extent.

John H. Travella, who for more than a year has lived in Seattle, posing as a retired army officer, is under arrest at Mission Junction, B. C. Travella is wanted mainly on accusations that he has swindled various prominent women out of sums of money ranging from \$2,500 down on promises that he would secure for them lucrative positions with the government.

Mrs. Mary Powell has entered a plea of nolo contendere in the District court at Laramie, Wyo., to the charge of the theft of cattle from Dr. Stevens and was sentenced to three months in the county jail. She claimed she was not guilty of the charge, but rather than fight the case she would accept the judgment of the court.

The postoffice safe at Rosebud, Montana, and two merchants' safes in the same building were robbed. Postmaster Mefford lost \$100 in cash; Rodrick McRae, hardware merchant, \$60 and \$300 in checks; John Williams, a merchant, \$300 cash.

William C. Eage, a saloonkeeper, who is also interested in coal mining, was shot and instantly killed at Sand Coulee, Mont., by Justice of the Peace John E. Taylor. The men had been bitter enemies, and the shooting followed a quarrel in Eage's saloon.

Mrs. Leonard Griffith was bitten by a rattlesnake at Nampa, Idaho. She went out to a woodpile in the rear of her farm dwelling and stooped over to pick up a piece of wood, when the snake fastened its fangs in the end of her fingers. She will recover.

Manager F. M. Smith of the East Helena smelter, announces that unless the men employed in the sampling department who went on a strike a few days ago returned to work at once he will close down the smelter. The men want ten hours' pay for eight hours' work.

Full confession was made by James Remington, to Detective L. C. Hartman of Portland, showing that the recent assault on W. C. Fischer, the editor of a reform paper at Rainier, was the result of a conspiracy on the part of saloonkeepers at Rainier and Portland.

Several tons of dynamite exploded in the northwestern section of Cobalt, Ont., wrecking twenty-five houses and throwing the citizens into a panic for a time. A number were more or less injured by flying debris, but none seriously. The explosion was caused by a forest fire.

The secretary of the Interior has executed a contract with and approved the bond of the United Iron Works of Oakland, Cal., for furnishing gates and lifting devices for use in the main canal and embankments of the Fayette-Hoile project, Idaho. The contract is for \$15,046.

## SUPREME COURT DECIDES AGAINST SENATOR BURTON

Kansas Senator Again Convicted in the Rialto Grain Company Case, and Will Probably Lose Seat in Senate.

Washington.—The supreme court of the United States has rendered a decision in the case of United States Senator Ralph Burton of Kansas. The decision was against Burton, affirming the decision of the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Missouri, by which Burton was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the jail of Iron county, Missouri, required to pay a fine of \$2,500, and deprived of the right to hereafter hold office under the government.

The opinion was by Justice Harlan. All of the points made in Burton's interest were overruled.

Senator Burton was prosecuted on the charge of violating Section 1782 of the Revised Statutes, which prohibits its senators and representatives from receiving compensation for services rendered before any of the government departments in any matter in which the government may be interested. He was specifically charged with accepting a fee of \$500 per month for five months from the Rialto Grain & Securities company of St. Louis for services rendered that company in an effort to prevent the issuance of an order by the postoffice department prohibiting the use of the mails by the company.

## ATTACKED BY MOORS.

Passengers Taken Off Steamer Flying American Flag Near Melilla.

Melilla, Morocco.—The steamer Macolita, bound from Tetuan, Morocco, for this port, and flying the American flag, has been attacked by Moors who took away some of her passengers.

The Macolita's machinery got out of order and she was obliged to approach the coast. While lying off Penon de Velez, about half way between Tetuan and Melilla, a number of Moorish fishermen swam off from the shore and boarded the Macolita, compelling her crew to hand over to them a number of Moorish passengers belonging to the Beni Barraguel tribe.

## OGDEN HAS BIG FIRE.

About a Dozen Business Places Are Destroyed by Flames.

Ogden, Utah.—Fire broke out in the Burton Implement company's store, Twenty-third street and Washington avenue, shortly after 1 o'clock Tuesday morning. More than half of the entire business block was destroyed. A stiff breeze was blowing from the east and several times the flames were carried across Washington avenue, starting a series of small fires on the west side of the street. Fireman Eumet was caught underneath a falling wall and badly injured. The monetary loss is estimated at from \$250,000 to \$350,000.

## Fire Walkers Have Close Call.

Berkeley, Cal.—An exhibition performance of the rites of the famous pagan worship of fire practiced by the fire walkers of Tahiti, given in Berkeley, almost ended in tragedy. Two of the fire walkers, Priest Publia Aphana and his wife, attempted to walk with bare feet across a pit of white hot stones, around which were shooting red snarling tongues of flame, when their clothing caught fire and both were badly burned before being rescued by the spectators. The soles of their feet showed no evidence of the walk over the blazing pit, the upper portions of their bodies alone being burned.

## MOST OF THEM DESERTED.

Imported Miners Refused to Take the Strikers' Places.

Stebenville, O.—Out of forty non-union miners brought in to work the Plum Run mines of the United States Coal company, only eight reached the mines, the others being persuaded to leave or being frightened off by the strikers' pickets. The miners are on the brink of the desertion by the non-union men who joined the ranks of the strikers, claiming that matters were misrepresented to them when they were employed.

## Shot at One Man and Killed Another.

New Orleans, La.—A Canche, vice consul of Germany at Boca de Toro, Panama, and cashier of the United States Fruit company, was killed by a native named Meier on May 12. Canche was seated in a restaurant with Consul Beckman and several gentlemen when Meier entered and without warning opened fire. It is claimed Meier intended to kill Beckman, but missed him and shot Canche. The murderer was arrested.

## NEBRASKA LAND FRAUDS.

Several Indictments Returned by Federal Grand Jury.

Omaha.—The federal grand jury has returned a number of indictments in connection with the alleged land frauds in Cherry county and elsewhere in Nebraska. The charges are conspiracy to obtain government land through fraudulent entries, subornation of perjury and similar offenses. Several of the persons indicted were in court when the jury report was made.

## Omnibus Bill Passed.

Washington.—The omnibus bill, authorizing additional aid to navigation in the lighthouse establishments, was passed by the house of representatives Monday, Mr. Mann of Illinois explaining that while the bill carried no appropriation, it carried authorizations which would be provided for in one of the money bills. The total amount of authorizations carried by the bill is \$15,315,500, but in the totals given are included approximately \$300,000 for which appropriations already have been made.

## TRAGEDY AT THE INSANE ASYLUM

Incurable Patient Kills One of the Inmates and Seriously Injures Another.

William Myers Runs Amuck at the State Insane Asylum and Beats William Savage to Death With a Club, Besides Injuring William Dilley.

Provo.—William Myers, 41 years of age, committed to the state mental hospital from Panguitch in 1886, killed a fellow patient Sunday evening by striking him over the head with a piece of scantling. The dead man is William Savage, 31 years of age, committed from Murray in 1899. William Dilley, a patient from Salt Lake, was also struck and knocked down by Myers. He sustained a severe scalp wound, but his injuries are not fatal.

About 6 o'clock, as the patients were leaving the dining room, Myers secured the stick from under a window frame, and as Dilley was coming out of the wash room he felled him to the floor. Cliff, an attendant, heard the blow and called to Myers to stop, at the same time starting toward him. At that moment Savage stepped out from the bath room, where he had been sent by Cliff, and was struck by Myers before Cliff could prevent him. Savage's skull was crushed and he died about two hours after the blow was struck.

## FOUND STARK AND STIFF.

Three Victims of a Shooting Matinee at Lynville, Ky.

Mayfield, Ky.—A triple tragedy occurred Sunday night at Lynville, this county. A visitor to the warehouse owned by Mark Wilson, a prominent merchant, found the proprietor, his brother, West Wilson, and Arthur West lying on the floor, shot to death. Revolvers were found beside the bodies of Arthur West and West Wilson. Two citizens reported that they had been at the warehouse shortly before 7 o'clock Sunday night and left the lot apparently on good terms, although all had been drinking. The supposition is that West Wilson and Arthur West engaged in a shooting at fray, killing each other, and that one of the bullets struck Mark Wilson.

## TRADE WITH AUSTRALIA.

Latest Reports Show a Remarkable Gain in Eleven Years.

Washington.—A report made public by the department of commerce and labor says: Trade between the United States and British Australia in the fiscal year 1905 aggregated \$38,000,000, against \$24,500,000 in the preceding year and \$14,000,000 in 1895. Imports from British Australia have grown from \$4,666,000 in 1895 to \$12,000,000 in 1905, and exports thereto in the same period from \$9,000,000 to \$26,000,000.

## Union Labor Bank Open.

Chicago.—The Commonwealth Trust and Savings bank, Chicago's first union labor banking institution, opened its doors Saturday. The bank is organized under the laws of Arizona and has an authorized capital of \$2,000,000, divided into shares of \$5 each. The managing officers of the bank are practical bankers and men of long experience. The board of directors is composed of men who are prominent in the labor world.

## Voliva Is Cutting Salaries.

Chicago.—W. G. Voliva, the present head of the Christian Catholic church, announced to his followers in Zion City Sunday that between Jan. 15 and May 19 he had reduced expenses in the financial department of the church from \$9,800 per month to \$3,832 per month. This saving, he said, had been brought about by a reduction of the working force and a cut in the salaries of those retained. In the same manner, he said, a saving had been made in the ecclesiastical department that would amount to \$70,000 annually.

## Hungarian Crisis Imminent.

Vienna.—A new Hungarian crisis is imminent, owing to the refusal of Emperor Francis Joseph to approve the Hungarian cabinet's demand for an autonomous Hungarian tariff. The Austrian premier holds that an independent tariff is incompatible with the common Austro-Hungarian customs area. Dr. Wekerle, the Hungarian premier, has been to Vienna twice in audience with his majesty, but the crown and the council of ministers have declared against the Hungarian demands.

Jumped to Save Life and Was Instantly Killed.

Columbus, O.—Charles Westlake of Newark, O., a graduate of Kenyon college, plunged headlong out of the engine cab of a midnight express on the B. & O. train at midnight Saturday when, after opening the door to fire up, he saw some excited people flaring toward a bridge east of Cook's station near Washington court house. The bridge was on fire and the train was stopped just in time. Westlake was killed.

## Auto Crashed into Telegraph Pole.

Erie, Pa.—One woman was killed and three other persons are in the hospital here in a serious condition as a result of an automobile accident on the lake road Sunday morning near Girard, this county. The party had left Cleveland early in the evening to make the run to Erie, with the intention of going to Buffalo Sunday morning. In turning a sharp curve at high speed the machine crashed into a telegraph pole, throwing the occupants out and the machine turned over on top of them.

## A Valuable Agent.

The glycerine employed in Dr. Pierce's medicines greatly enhances the medicinal properties which it exerts, and holds in solution much better than alcohol would. It also possesses medicinal properties of its own, being a valuable demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic and antiferment. It adds greatly to the efficacy of the Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Stone root and Queen's root contained in "Golden Medical Discovery" in subduing chronic, or lingering coughs, bronchitis, throat and lung affections, for all of which these agents are recommended by standard medical authorities.

In all cases where there is a wasting away of flesh, loss of appetite, with weak stomach, as in the early stages of consumption, there can be no doubt that glycerine acts as a valuable nutritive and holds the Golden Seal root, Stone root, Queen's root and Black Cherrybark in promoting digestion and building up the flesh and strength, controlling the cough and inducing a healthy condition of the whole system. Of course, it must not be expected to work miracles. It will cure consumption except in its earlier stages. It will cure very severe, obstinate, chronic coughs, bronchitis and laryngeal troubles, and chronic sore throat and hoarseness. In acute coughs it is not so effective. It is in the lingering coughs, or those of long standing, even when accompanied by bleeding from lungs, that it has its perfect and most marvelous cures. Send for and read the little book of extracts, treating of the properties and uses of the several medicinal herbs and roots contained in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and learn why this medicine has such a wide range of application in the cure of diseases. It is sent free. Address Dr. R. C. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. The "Discovery" contains no alcohol or harmful, habit-forming ingredients all purchased on each bottle wrapper in plain English.

Sick people, especially those suffering from diseases of long standing, are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter. Free. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. C. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 51 stamps for cloth-bound copy.

## Mohammedans.

A conservative estimate of the Mohammedan population of the world was given as 200,000,000 by Dr. Zwermer, of Arabia. The koran can be read by one-fourth of that number, while the Bible has been translated into every language spoken by the followers of the false prophet.

## Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc.

## Reassuring Odor.

Nervous Johnny—I love the smell of motor cars.

Hostess—Really? What an extraordinary taste. Why do you like it?

N. J.—Because when you smell it you know the danger's past.—Punch.

## Garfield Tea, the herb laxative, is better than drugs and strong cathartics; it cures.

## ORIGIN OF "TWENTY-THREE"

Hero of Dickens' Story Who Died on the Guillotine Was in Line on That Number.

Dickens lovers have no trouble these days in proving that all of our supposed up-to-date Americanisms are merely stolen expressions from their English authors. They have indeed found that Dickens used many phrases and expressions that have been taken up to-day as universal say-words, and the latest acquisition of the enthusiasts of this sort is told in the statement that Dickens originated the expression "twenty-three," which in the vernacular of the present is used to express "all in," "chase yourself," "skiddoo," "the end," and many other things.

It will be remarked by anybody, says the Kansas City Star, that in the last chapter of "The Tale of Two Cities" Dickens describes the procession of human-leaden tumblers to the guillotine. In one of them is Sidney Carton, the hero. In a garden overlooking the hideous machine is a group of old women knitting. As the heads fell in a basket, he said, he had known but one refusal on the part of a judge to naturalize an alien. "It is a notorious fact," remarked Mr. Hepburn, "that courts admit men as a matter of course. They are generally advised that the applicant is not competent for naturalization, but making citizens goes on without hindrance. The naturalization law is looked upon as a joke."

## ATTEMPT TO ROB TREASURY.

Soldiers in San Francisco Prevent Bold Burglary.

San Francisco.—A daring attempt to loot the United States sub-treasury, located on Commercial and Kearney streets, was foiled Thursday night by soldiers from company G of the Eleventh infantry. The soldiers were detailed to guard Uncle Sam's treasure box, and they claim that their fire was returned by the men who were attempting to loot the safes in the building.

## GIRL IS AVENGED.

Police Officer Who Maltreated Marie Spiridonova Is Assassinated.

Tamboff, Russia.—Zhanoff, a police officer who participated in the brutal maltreatment of the Marie Spiridonova, was shot and killed on the streets here Thursday by an unknown person. The avengers of the young revolutionist, who was shot and killed at Berlin, were in the city at the same time at Borisoglebsk to Abramoff, the coachman officer who boasted of his cruelty to her while she was in prison.

## Earthquake a Factor in Determining Type of Canal.

Washington.—That the earthquake which destroyed San Francisco was an important factor in determining the vote of the senate committee on interoceanic canals in favor of a sea level type is apparent from the fact that a feature of the majority report is a discussion of the effect such an earthquake might have on locks and dams. The majority report in favor of a sea-level canal was submitted Thursday by Senator Kittredge.

## San Francisco Loses Exhausted the Surplus.

Hartford, Conn.—President Brown of the Connecticut Fire Insurance company has issued a circular letter to the stockholders, by direction of the directors, calling for a meeting on Tuesday, May 29, to act on the recommendation of the board, to "place the company's financial condition beyond the possibility of critical scrutiny." It is the opinion of the officers that the San Francisco losses "exhaust the present surplus."

## HOUSE PASSES THE NAVAL BILL

After Two Weeks Debate the Measure Carrying \$94,764,000 Taken up.

The Proposition That Secretary of Navy Could Go Into the Open Market for Chains, Anchors and Cordage Is Defeated.

Washington.—After two weeks' debate, the house on Thursday passed the naval appropriation bill, carrying \$99,764,000.

The amendment providing that the secretary of the navy could go into the open market and purchase chains, anchors and cordage, should it be demonstrated that they could be had cheaper in free markets than they could, he made by the government, was defeated by a vote of 188 to 129. By the action of the house on the second amendment, upon which a separate vote was demanded in conjunction with the naval appropriation bill, a 4 per cent differential will be allowed bidders from the Pacific coast.

The vote on this amendment was very close, three Republicans changing from no to yes, Messrs. Haugen of Iowa, Thomas and Longworth.

## FIRST GERMAN SENATOR.

The Late Carl Schurz, Born in Germany, Elected to Senate in 1869.

New York.—Carl Schurz, widely known as a publicist, and former cabinet member, who died at his home in this city on May 14, and was buried on Thursday last, was the first German-born citizen to be elected to the United States senate, being elected in 1869, from the state of Missouri.

Mr. Schurz was 76 years of age, having been born in Cologne on March 2, 1829. His residence here was at 24 East Ninety-first street.

Forced to flee from the land of his birth before he had attained his majority, Carl Schurz soon became, and for more than half a century remained, one of the striking figures in the public life of the land of his adoption.

Mr. Schurz retired from the senate in 1875. He was one of the organizers of the Liberal party in 1872, and presided over the convention at Cincinnati which nominated Horace Greeley for president.

He supported the National Republican ticket in 1876, and in the year following became Secretary of the Interior in the cabinet of President Hayes.

At the close of his term of office he came to New York and devoted nearly all the remainder of his long life to editorial and literary work.

## Says Naturalization Law Is Looked Upon as a Joke.

Washington.—After the passage of the naval appropriation bill on Thursday the house met into committee of the whole to consider the so-called naturalization bill, which has been the continuing order for two months. "Naturalization is a farce in this country," said Mr. Hepburn of Iowa, in fifty years, he said, he had known but one refusal on the part of a judge to naturalize an alien. "It is a notorious fact," remarked Mr. Hepburn, "that courts admit men as a matter of course. They are generally advised that the applicant is not competent for naturalization, but making citizens goes on without hindrance. The naturalization law is looked upon as a joke."

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## TAFT MAKES AN ESTIMATE.

It Will Require \$26,348,281 for Work on Panama Canal for the Next Fiscal Year.

Washington.—The detailed estimates for all expenses incident to the construction of the Panama canal, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, were sent to the house Monday by Secretary Taft, transmitted through the treasury department. The estimates aggregate \$26,348,281. They are contained under five heads, and are given in such detail as to occupy twenty printed pages. The subdivisions are as follows:

Salaries of members, officers and employees of the isthmian canal commission, \$234,860; incidental expenses, including rent, cable and telegraph service, supplies, stationery and printing and traveling expenses in the United States, \$2,554; pay of officers and employees other than skilled and unskilled labor on the isthmus, \$3,575,398; for skilled labor on the isthmus, \$5,593,020; for unskilled labor on the isthmus, \$4,148,459; for purchase and delivery of material, supplies and equipment for the isthmus of Panama, \$10,374,511; to authorize the loan to the Panama Railroad company under the terms expressed in the act of congress of February 27, 1906, for the purchase and delivery of new equipment and improvements, \$1,250,000; for miscellaneous expenditures, cable and telegraph service, stationery and printing and traveling and incidental expenses on the isthmus, \$348,670. Total, \$26,348,281.

## Telephone vs. Telegraph.

Washington.—A special report on telephones and telegraphs for 1902 has been issued by the census office. It shows that in 1902 the telephone systems of the country operated more than three-fourths of the wire mileage reported for both telephones and telegraphs, giving employment to seven-tenths of the wage earners, paid more than two-thirds of the total revenue and paid more than two-thirds of the total expenses. For the commercial systems the mileage was 4,779,571 and the number of telephones, 2,285,931; for the mutual systems the mileage was 790,105 and the number of telephones, 89,316; and the independent lines the mileage was 40,965 and the number of telephones, 55,747.

## Anniversary of Cuban Independence.

Washington.—The fourth anniversary of the Independence of Cuba was celebrated at a banquet given by Minister Quesada at the Cuban legation Sunday. The guests included Secretary Root, Senator Foraker, Admiral Schley, General J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff, U. S. A., and the diplomatic corps of the various American republics.

Minister Quesada, in a brief speech, told of the services rendered by the United States to Cuba and of the latter's recognition of what this government had done for the island and its people. He spoke especially of the friendship of President Roosevelt and Secretary Root.

## Fortune for San Francisco Refugee.

San Francisco.—Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars awaits Mrs. Andres Neilson, a widow with nine children, who was burned out during the frightful holocaust, and who is now believed to be in some refuge camp about the city with her little ones. Her husband, a hard working tanner in this city, though he was the son of a wealthy father in Sweden, died in July, 1898, leaving her, a single, destitute woman. They lived on the south side, and her wealthy father-in-law, worked hard to support herself and little ones. They lost all when the fire swept the city. Now comes word that the father-in-law in Sweden is dead, and his vast estates all go to the widow and children of his dead boy.

## Palma Remains Chief of State.

Havana.—President Palma was inaugurated at noon Sunday in the presence of the diplomatic corps in full uniform, cabinet officers, senators, congressmen, judges, heads of departments and the representatives of economic, agricultural and commercial associations. None of the liberal members of congress attended. The inauguration ceremony took place in the red salon of the palace. The oath of office was administered by the chief justice of the supreme court in front of a dais on which were seated eight supreme court judges and the court officers.

## Eulogized Washington.

London.—Bishop Potter of New York preached Sunday at All Saints church, Canada, where it is proposed to restore the monument to Sir Lawrence Washington, an ancestor of George Washington. Bishop Potter's sermon drew a comparison of Napoleon, Wellington and Washington, and eulogized Washington, whose name, he said, was idolized in Europe, and for whose memory it was intended to restore the memorial and perpetuate a great name and lineage.

## Accomplished His Object.

New York.—A cable dispatch to a morning paper from Paris, says: James Watson, an American, has been arrested as the result of a remarkable street scene. A bicyclist was knocked down and badly injured by a heavy vehicle, the driver of which drove off. Watson, who was riding on a passing omnibus, drew a revolver and shot the horse, thus preventing the driver's escape. Mr. Watson was taken to the police station and held. He offered to compensate the owner of the horse.

## Complaint Made Against Japan.

Washington.—Complaints of American merchants engaged in the eastern trade and particularly of members of the American Asiatic association, that the Japanese authorities in Manchuria have not been living up to their promise to observe the principle of the open door, have led to some interesting correspondence between Secretary Ford of that association and the Japanese embassy. The Japanese authorities assert positively that Japan faithfully carried out its intention to open Manchuria to foreign trade.

## TWICE-TOLD TESTIMONY.

A Woman Who Has Suffered Tells How to Find Relief.

The thousands of women who suffer backache, languor, urinary disorders and other kidney ailments will find comfort in the words of Mrs. Jane Farrell, of 606 Ocean Ave., Jersey City, N. J., who says: "I reiterate all I have said before in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills. I had been having heavy backache and my general health was affected when I began using them. My feet were swollen, my eyes puffed, and dizzy spells were frequent. Kidney action was irregular and the secretions highly colored. To-day, however, I am a well woman, and I am confident that Doan's Kidney Pills have made me so, and are keeping me well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Many Daughters of Nobility Are Exceedingly Modest and Simple in Their Attire.

People sometimes wonder what sum is put aside for dress by the daughters of royal houses, says the London Tatler. Before her marriage, I read the other day, the duchess of Fife was said to have a small dress allowance, and the sum of \$1,500 a year was mentioned. Besides yachting and everyday dresses, and all the usual